

KREYTSER, B. A.

Epp. . R92884

ESEL'SON, ICSIF MIKHAYLOVICH STRELKOVYY SPORT (RIFLE SECCTING, BY) I. M. ESEL'SON (I) B. A. KPEYTSER. MOSKVA, GOSKUL'TPROSVETIZDAT, 1956.

26 p. ILLUS.

AT HEAD OF TITLE: RUSSIA (RSFSR) KCMITET PO FIZICHESKOY KUL'TURE I SPORTU.

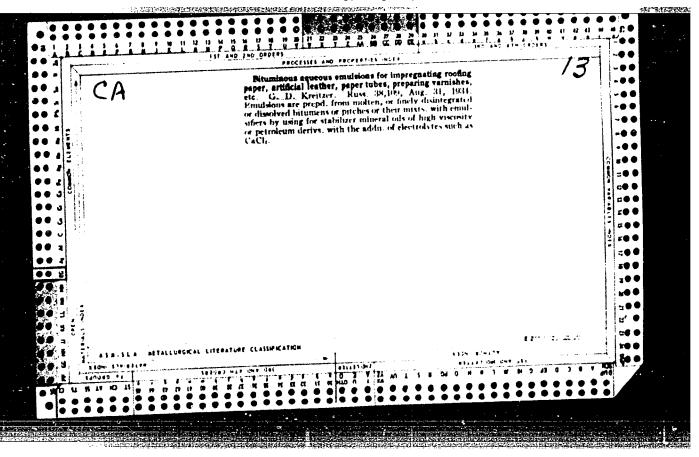
KREYTSER, Boris Aleksendrovich; STKPANOV, Iven Prokof'yevich; PETROVSKAYA,
Ye.K., red.; KORNEYEVA, M.G., tekhn.red.

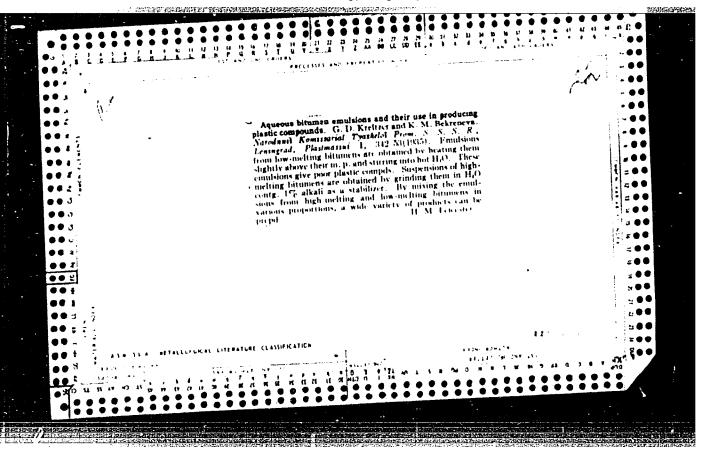
[Shotgun firing pettern] Drobovoi vystrel. Monkva, Gos.izd-vo
"Fizkul'tura i sport," 1959. 71 p.

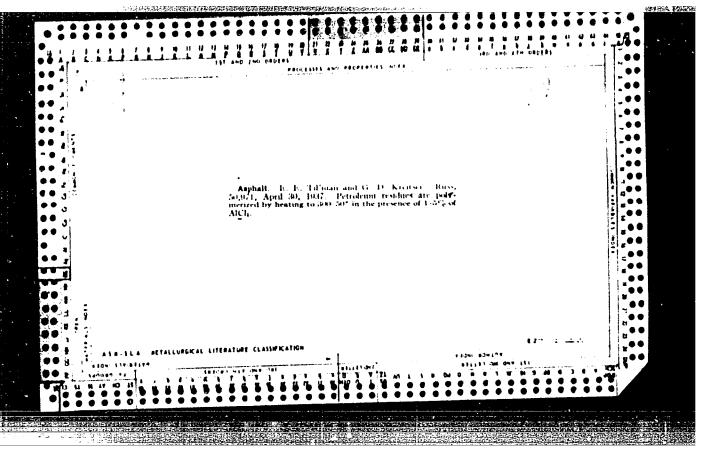
(Shotguns)

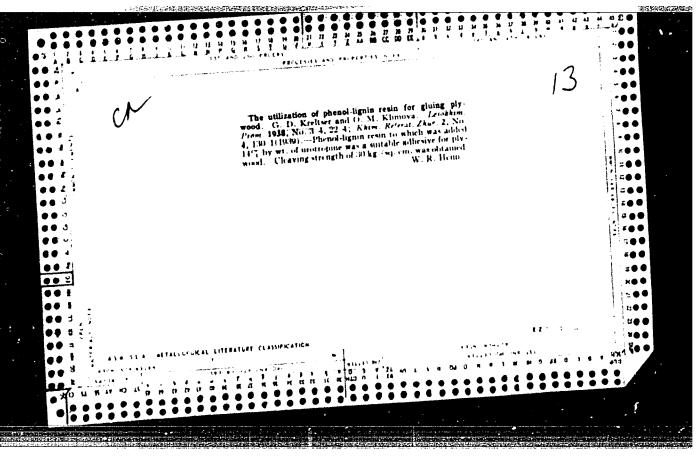
(Shotguns)

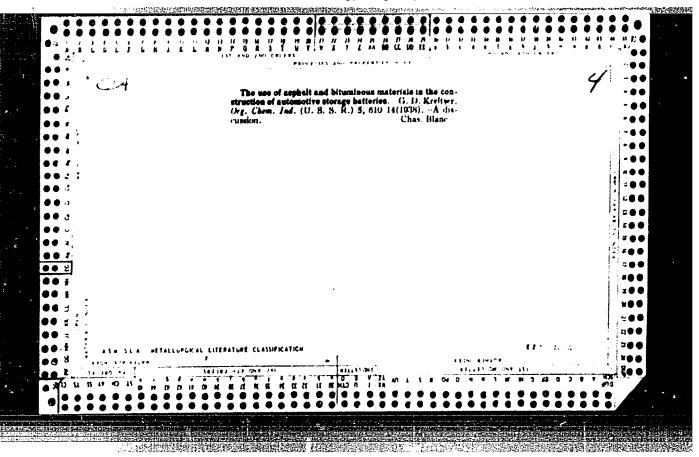
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300





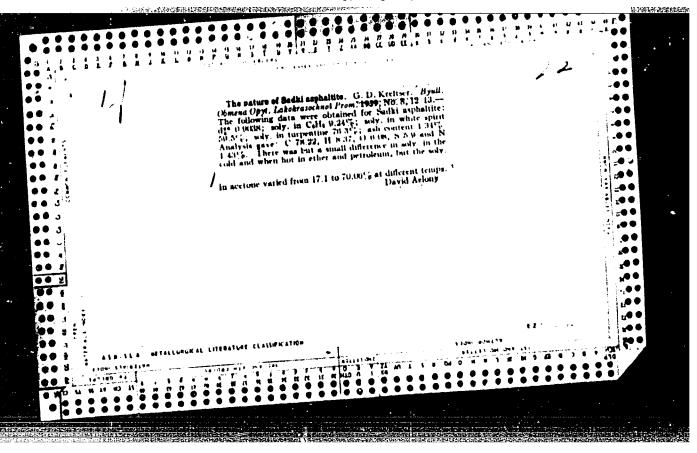


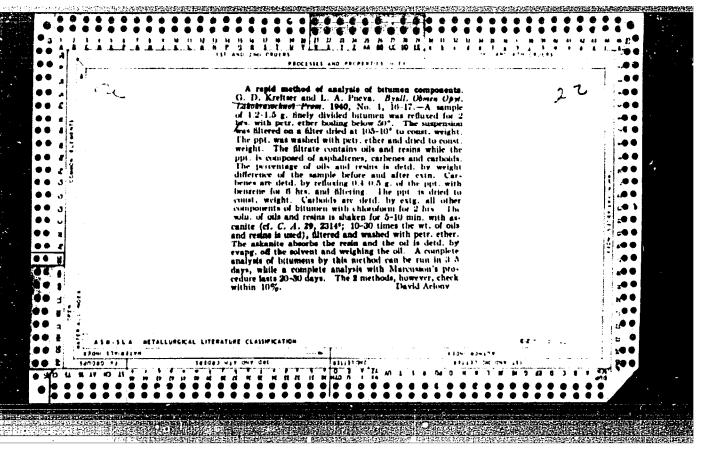


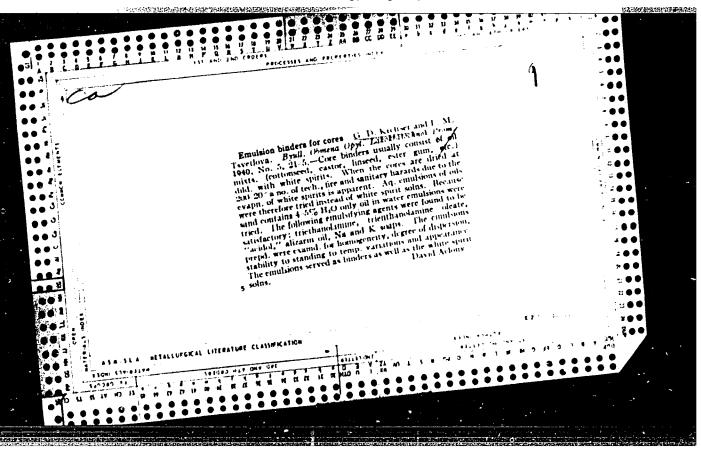


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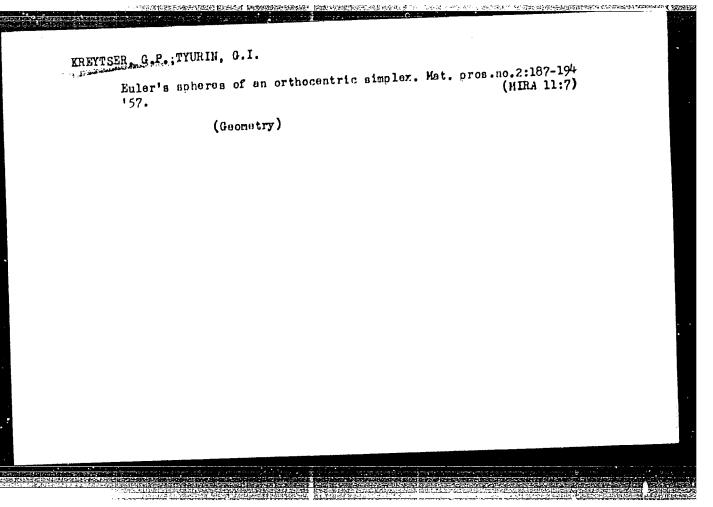




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KREYTSER, G. D.

Asfal'ty, bitumy i reki (Asphalts, bitumens and pitches) Izd. 3., perer. i dop.
Moskva, Promstroyizdat, 1952. 399 p. illus., diagrs., tables. "Bibliografiya": p. 390-
(393)

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L 26491-66 EWT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD	
ACC NR; APG013070 SOURCE CODE: UR/0048/66/030/004/0637/0643	!
AUTHOR: Bundel, A.A.; Vishnyakov, A.V.; Galaktionov, S.S.; Guretskaya, E.I.; Zhukov, G.V. Kamenskaya, S.A.; Kreytser, K.A.; Oranovskaya, T.V.; Chashchin, V.A.	1
ORG: None	
TITLE: On the effect of the preparation conditions on the formation of traps in ZnS and ZnO base phosphors and the influence of predecomposition phenomena in solid solutions of Cu ₂ O in ZnS on their luminescence Report, Fourteenth Conference on Luminescence Reld in Riga, 16-23 September 1965/	
SCURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 30, no. 4, 1966, 637-643	
TOPIC TAGS: luminescence, crystal phosphor, zinc sulfide, current carrier, luminophor	,
ABSTRACT: Introduction of new experimental methods has increased rather than reduced the disagreement among different investigators regarding the structure of zinc sulfid luminophors. On the basis of previous investigations of glow curves and the polarity of the photocurrent carriers the authors showed that for the most part the discrepancies are due to inadequate control of the synthesis conditions, i.e., that the phosphors studied by different groups differed as regards structure owing to unintentional variations of the preparation conditions. Experiments show, for example, that truly self-activated ZnS exhibits only one glow curve peak, but that if the compound	
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ACC NR. AP6013070

is exposed to exygen, even at low pressure, during heating a second glow-curve peak appears and this is accompanied by change in the polarity of the photocurrent carriers (from n to p). Various experiments were carried out with pure, self-activated and impurity-activated ZnS and ZnO (including surface exidized specimens) and several series of glow curves are reproduced. Data on the polarity of the current carriers in photoconductivity are also adduced. The curves and data demonstrate the effects of the synthesis conditions. A series of phosphors was prepared by heating different mixtures of ZnS with Cu₂S without flux at 1000°C, followed by reheating with quartz powder (to prevent caking) in sealed tubes at 1050°. These ZnS:Cu phosphors were studied immediately after preparation, after various heat treatments and after storage for some months at 20°. Their attributes differed considerably, again indicating the importance of synthesis and other conditions. It is pointed out that understanding of the peculiarities of the complicated chemical system constituted by copper-activated zinc sulfide luminophors requires further thorough investigation of the ZnS-Cu₂S-Cu system. Orig. art. has: 1 formula and 6 figures.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 008

Card 2/2 (10)

KREYTSKR T.V.; TARUTINA, L.I.

Study of the structure transformations of trifluorostyrene with the aid of absorption spectra. Zav. lab. 29 no.6:702-704 163. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut polimerizatsionnykh plastmass.

(Styrene--Absorption spectra)

ENI(m)/ENP(1)/T Pc-4/P1-4 \$/0190/65/007/003/0404/0410 ACCESSION NR: AP5008363 AUTHORS: Khin'kis, S. S.; Kreytser, T. V.; Matveyeva, Ye. N. TITLE: Oxidative degradation of poly-3,3-bis-(chloromethyl) oxacyclobutane SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 404-410 TOPIC TAGS: oxidative destruction, butane, activation energy, spectrophotometry, IR absorption / PRK 4 lamp, Hilger spectrometer, IKS 14 spectrometer, UR 10 spectrometer ABSTRACT: Thermo-oxidative degradation of poly-3,3-bis-(chloromethyl) oxacyclobutane was carried out in an atmosphere of nitrogen or exygen in a closed system in a device permitting automatic computation of oxygen expenditure and removing the volatile exidation products (at -1600). Studies were made on reprecipitated polymers in 100 A-thick films placed in an evacuated vessel (10-3 mm). The material was heated, and the volatile products that were generated in the process were observed by the change in pressure. Degradation in air was carried out in an air thermostat. The mechanism of photo-exidative degradation was studied in films placed in a quartz vessel illuminated from two sides by PRK-4 lamps set 200 mm from the vessel. The experiments were performed in both a closed system Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP5008363

2

and in a stream of oxygen (2.5 liters/hour). The temperature was kept at 300 or below. Changes in composition and structure were studied chemically and by IR absorption. The spectra were obtained on a Hilger spectrometer with NaCl or e a-tz prisms and on IKS-14 and UR-10 spectrometers with LiF prisms. The effective activation energy of the thermo-oxidation was computed to be 26.1 kcal/mole. both theres-exidative and photo-exidative degradation follow the same laws, but the reaction rates are different. Thermo-oxidative degradation begins in a vacuum at 2600, in oxygen and air at 100-1200. Times for the process are 4 to 10 hours. Photo-exidative degradation under the PRK-4 lamps is accompanied by structuration. Times are 15 to 20 hours. The authors conclude that the oxidative degradation of poly-3,3-bis-(chloromethyl) oxacyclobutane takes place as a chain radical process with degenerate branching. In agreement with this, the effective activation energy is comparatively small. Use of inhibitors of the radical processes has permitted extensive stabilization of the initial properties of a polymer. Orig. art. has: 8 figures and 1 table. ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut polimerizatsionnykh plastmass (Scientific Research Institute of Polymerized Plastics) SUB CODE: OC. MT SUBMITTED: 18Apr64 ENCL: 00

no ref sov: 008

OTHER: 012

Card 2/2 /20

KREYSTER, V. L. - NKEYTOGK V.L.

KREYTSER, V.-L.

Kreytser, V. L. defended his Doctor's dissertation in the Institute of Automatics and Telemechanics, Academy of Sciences USSR, on 6 December 1946, for the academic degree of Doctor of Technical Sciences.

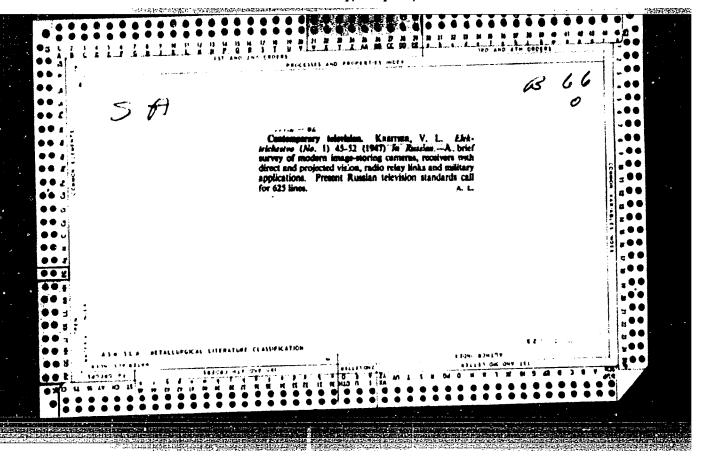
Dissertation: "Nonlinear Distortions of Signal Wave Forms in Amplifiers". Resume: Kreytser commented on the inadequacy of existing methods for investigating and evaluating the nonlinearity of nonscoustic signals, which are based on harmonic analysis in application to amplifiers of these signals. He introduced characteristics of nonlinearity (the subject of investigation) for examination and described a new method. He proposed to divide distortions into two categories (first and second order), which allowed extention of methods for examining properties of amplifiers to some other types of equipment. To investigate nonlinear distortions of the first order, Kreyster proposed use of a periodic triangular saw-toothed signal with its subsequent differentiation while he examined some partial cases of second-order nonlinearity and proposed methods for investigating them. He described universal measuring apparatus developed and built on the basis of the proposed methods and oscillograms produced by it which confirmed the theoretical conclusions cited.

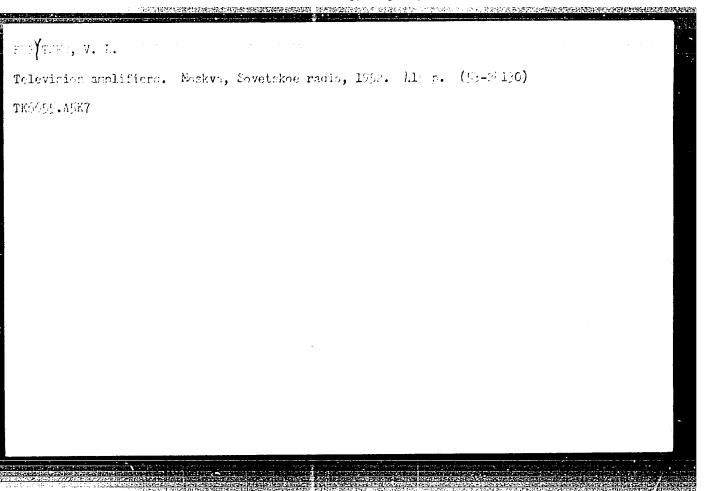
Official Opponents: Profs. V. V. Migulin and S. Ye. Khaykin (Doctors of Physicomathematical Sciences) and L. G. Tager (Doctor of Technical Sciences)

30: <u>Elektrichestvo.</u> No. 7, Moscow, August 1953, pp 87-92 (W/29344, 16 Apr 54)

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430

KRTV135R, V.

USSR/ Electronics - Color television

Car4 1/1

Pub. 89 - 15/24

Authors

Kreytser, V., Prof. Dr. of Tech. Sc.

Title

Principles of color television

Periodical :

Radio 5, 34 - 38, May 1955

Abstract

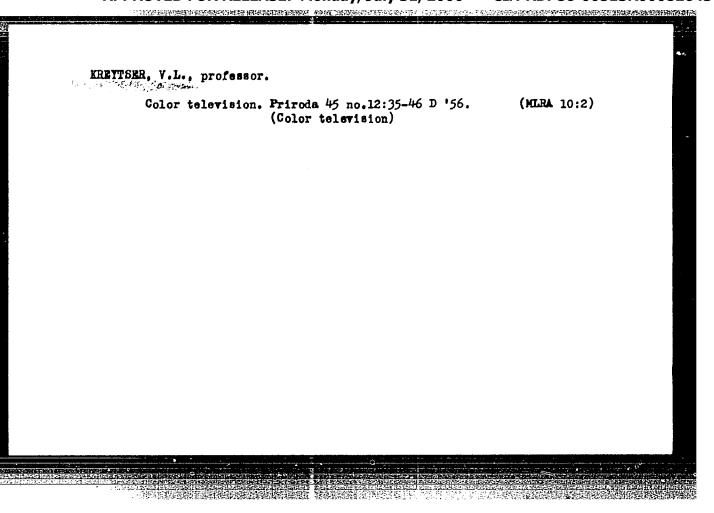
Scientific data are presented regarding the principles on which color TV is based and the problems which must be solved in order to replace black on white TV by color. The methods generally employed in color TV and technicolor motion pictures are discussed. Graph; drawings.

Institution:

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Submitted

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GERMAN-PROZUROVA, Lyutsiya Povlovna; VIHOGRADOVA, Nina Ivanovna; KREYTSER,
V.L. prof. doktor tekhn.mauk, red.; GOS, H.S., kand.tekhn.mauk, red.;
KARPOV, V.G., kand.tekhn.mauk, red.; MALAKHOV, I.K., inzh., red.;
LEVIT, A.B., inzh.red.; IMPESHINSKAYA, Ye.V., red.; ERUDNO, K.F.,
tekhn.red.

[English-Busaian redictechnical dictionary] Anglo-rusakii radiotekhnicheskii slovar'. Pod obshchei red. V.L.Kreitsera. Red.
kollegiia: M.E.Gos i dr. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo tekhniko-teoret.
kollegiia: M.E.Gos i dr. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo tekhniko-teoret.
(MIRA 11:2)
(Hadio-Dictionaries)
(English language-Dictionaries-Russian)

GOS, M.E., kand.tekhn.nauk; KREYTSER, V.L., prof., doktor tekhn.rauk; SAAKOV, E.O., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

[Radio amplifiers; course of study, supplementary material, problems, and course outline] Usilitel'nye ustroistva; programma, dopolnenie, kontrol'nye zadaniia i kursovoi proekt.
Fakul'tet: radiotekhnicheskii. Leningrad, 1958. 35 p. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Severo-zapadnyy zaochnyy politekhnicheskiy institut. Kafadra konstruirovaniya radioapparatury. 2. Zaveduyushchiy kafadroy konstruirovaniya radioapparatury, Severo-zapadnyy zaochnyy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Kreytser).

(Radio amplifiers)

PERIODICAL: Radio, 1996, Nr 11, pp 27-29 and pp 2-3 of centerfold (USJE) ABSTRACT: The author says that experimental color television transmissions are to be carried out soon in Moscow, and then explains the principles of color television. He discusses colors and their characteristics, white light, three-color mixing and color equality. This article will be concluded in the next issue of "Radio". There is I diagram and I graph.	MTHOR:	Kreytser, V., Boctor of Technical Sciences SOV/107-96-11-19/45
The author says that experimental color television transmissions are to be carried out soon in Moscow, and then explains the principles of color television. He discusses colors and their characteristics, white light, three-color mixing and color equality. This article will be concluded in the next issue of "Radio". There is I diagram and I graph.	PITLE:	videniya)
The author says that experimental color television transmissions are to be carried out soon in Moscow, and then explains the principles of color television. He discusses colors and their characteristics, white light, three-color mixing and color equality. This article will be concluded in the next issue of "Radio". There is I diagram and I graph.	PERIODICAL:	Radio, 1958, Nr 11, pp 27-29 and pp 2-3 of centerfold (USUE)
Card 1/1	ARSTRACT:	are to be carried out soon in postor, and their principles of color television. He discusses colors and their characteristics, white light, three-color mixing and color equality. This article will be concluded in the next issue of "Radio".
	Card 1/1	

11(6) 24(4) 9(3) 6(6)

SOV/107-58-12-39/55

AUTHOR:

Kreytser, V., Doctor of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

The Principles of Color Television (Printsipy

tsvetnogo televideniya)

PERIODICAL:

Radio, 1958, Nr 12, pp 37-42 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This article is continued from the previous issue of this journal. The author gives three color image graphs and explains that they are not suitable for color calculations, particularly as some of the color coordinates are negative. He describes the standard color graph of the MKO, and with extra constructions which simplifies color calculations. He then explains that there are three methods of mixing primary colors; simultaneous, sequential and spatial (having a mosaic consisting of minute elements of different colors so that from a distance, an effect of unbroken color

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The Principles of Color Television

is obtained. All three methods are used in color television. Turning to the principles of color television systems, the author compares the sequential and simultaneous systems, shows that the former is not practicable because three times as many images (one for each primary color) are needed, compared with black and white television, and that the simultaneous system is also preferred because it can easily be made compatible with black and white television. He explains how the frequency band for color television (which would normally be three times as wide as for black and white, and thus an uneconomic proposition) is reduced by sending signals corresponding to the brightness of the image and its color; the brightness signal is sent over channels with considerably narrower bands. The original signals produced by the transmitting tubes are converted into these signals by a

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The Principles of Color Television

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

device sometimes called a matrix (Figure 11). The loss in quality is relatively small because the eye is not unduly sensitive to color changes (this is illustrated in the color insert in the previous journal). The author then discusses methods of reproducing the color image at the receiving end, first the projection method, where the three color separation images produced by projection lamps are thrown onto a white screen, and then a method using a trinescope with a mosaic screen and a shadow mask, often called a mask tube (Figure 13). He illustrates the latter process by several references to the color insert in the previous journal. The article

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SOV/107-58-12-39/55

The Principles of Color Television

ends with a brief reference to the "generator of color bands" (GTsP), which will be more fully discussed in the next article in this series. There are 5 graphs and 5 schematic diagrams.

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6(6)

sov/107-59-2-3**0/**55

AUTHOR:

Kreytser, V., Doctor of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

A Simultaneous Compatible System of Color Television

(Odnovremennaya sovmestimaya sistema tsvetnogo

televideniya)

PERIODICAL:

Radio, 1959, Nr 2, pp 33-35 and p 51 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is the first part of an article to be continued in this periodical. At present the Moscow experimental television broadcast station under construction is based on a simultaneous compatible system, which enables reception of transmissions not only in color, using the new color television sets, but also in black and white with ordinary receivers. As three signals must be transmitted simulaneously for reproduction of the color image, the task of transmitting these three signals in the same frequency channel, which is supposed to transmit only the black and white program, has become very important. The author

Card 1/2

deals in detail with the generation of the brightness

SOV/107-59-2-30/55

A Simultaneous Compatible System of Color Television

signal, the color signals and the modulation of the subcarrier frequency in quadrature. When transmitting color images, 3 output signals from the transmitting tubes are turned into 3 new signals by means of a special translator (matrix); one of these transformed signals is the brightness signal. Except for the brightness signal, 2 color signals are needed for the reproduction of color images; they are generated by means of another matrix. The modulation of the subcarrier frequency is achieved by connecting the generator output with 2 balanced modulators. There are 8 graphs.

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SOV/107-59-3-29/52

6 (6)

AUTHOR: Kreytser, V. Doctor of Technical Sciences

TITLE: The Simultaneous, Compatible Color TV System

(Odnovremennaya sovmestimaya sistema tave tnogo tele-

videniya)

PERIODICAL: Radio, 1959, Nr 3, pp 32 - 54 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The discussion of theoretical premises of the simultaneous, compatible color TV system is continued from

taneous, compatible color is a some subcarrier frequency Radio, 1959, Nr 3. First, the subcarrier frequency is explained. In the receiver it has the form of a sine wave, modulated in its amplitude and phase. From one square-modulated subcarrier frequency two color signals \mathbf{U}_{R-Y} and \mathbf{U}_{B-Y} are obtained and for correct

detecting of the balanced quadrature modulation, the subcarrier must be first restored at the receiver. Figure 10 shows the simplified block diagram of a demodulating receiver unit. The subcarrier frequency

Gard 1/5 fo, generated by a local oscillator, enters two

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The Simultaneous, Compatible Color TV System

synchronous detectors, passes in one case thru a device shifting its phase by 90 degrees. The signals $\rm U_{R-Y}$ and $\rm U_{B-Y}$ are then obtained at the detector outlets. The complete synchronization and cophasing of the subcarrier frequency generators at the transmitter and receiver is obtained by additional "color synchronization" pulse (bursts) which are added to the full TV signal. Therefore, the full color TV signal differs from the full black-and-white TV signal by the addition of the quadrature modulated subcarrier frequency and the synchronizing "bursts", which are 9-11 periods of the frequency $\rm f_0$. When using black-and white TV transmitter for relaying color TV casts, it will be necessary to introduce several modifications for these transmitters, since the color TV signals exceed the level of the black-

and-white signals. The subcarrier frequency is

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The Simultaneous, Compatible Color TV System

selected according to the formula

 $f_{subcarrier} = (2k + 1) \frac{f_{line}}{2}$

whereby fline means line frequency and k is any positive full number. In the color TV system discussed here (that of the experimental color TV station in Moscow), k is 280 and the line frequency is 15625 cycles whereby the subcarrier frequency is 4.429 megacycles. The author discusses in the final paragraph possible versions of color TV sets. Figure 14 shows the simplified block diagram of a color TV set. The units common to a black-and-white TV set were not considered. A band filter connected to the actual radio receiver passes both side bands of the modulated subcarriers (3 - 6 megacycles). The signal is fed from the filter outlet to two synchronous detectors, whereby the phase shifting device is located before

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The Simultaneous, Compatible Color TV System

the input of one detector. The bund subcarrier frequency generator is synchronized by the burst signals. The signals U_{R-Y} and U_{B-Y} obtained at the detector outlets are fed to the deflecting systems of the receiver tube and to the matrix. The latter generates the signal U_{G-Y} . The signal U_Y is fed to all electrodes simultaneously, resulting in the signals U_R , U_G and U_B . Finally, the author pressure are used, the simplified block diagram of which is shown in Figure 15. In this case, the signal entering the third detector is shifted in its phase by 250 degrees and is obtained at the detector outlet as U_{G-Y} . The signal

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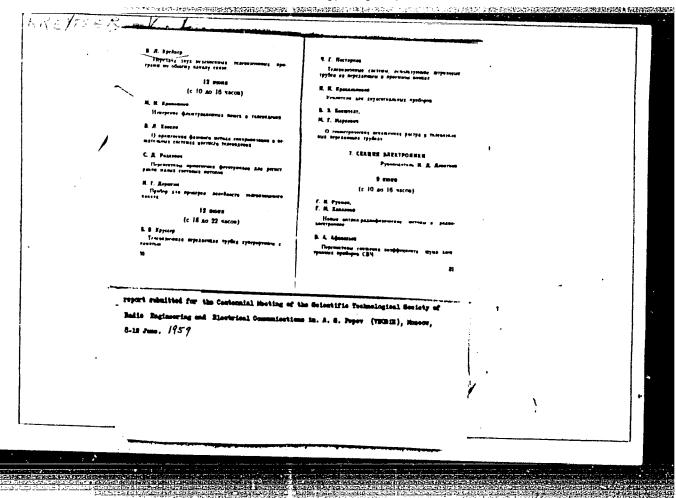
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The Simultaneous, Compatible Color TV System

UY is also fed to all three electrodes. There are 3 graphs, 3 block diagrams and 2 Soviet references.

Card 5/5



GERMAN-PROZOROVA, Lyutsiya Pavlovna; YANKEL'SON, I.S.; KRETTSER, Y.L.,
prof., doktor tekhm.nauk, red.; COS, M.E., kand.tekhm.nauk,
red.; LEPESHINSKAYA, Ye.V., red.; KRYUCHKOVA, V.H., tekhn.red.

[English-Russian television dictionary] Anglo-russkii slovar'
po televideniiu. Pod obshchai red. Y.L.Kreitsera pri red.uchastii
W.E.Gosa. Moskva, Glavnaia red.inostr.nauchno-tekhn.slovarei
Fizmatgiza, 1960. 427 p. (MIRA 14:3)

(Television--Dictionaries)

(English language--Dictionaries--Russian language)

GERMAN-PROZOROVA, Lyutsiya Pavlovna; VINOGRADOVA, Nina Ivanovna; KREYTSER, V.L., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, red.; COS, M.E., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; KARPOV, V.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; LEVIT, A.B., inzh., red.; MALAKHOV, I.K., inzh., red.; LEPESHINSKAYA, Ye.V., red.; BRUDNO, K.F., tekhn.red.

[English-Russien radio engineering dictionary] Anglo-russkii radiotekhnicheskii slovar'. Pod obshchei red. V.L.Kreitsera. Red. kollegiia: M.E.Gos i dr. Moskva, Glav.red.inostr.nauchno-tekhn. slovarei, 1960. 524 p. (MIRA 13:7) (Radio--Dictionaries) (English language--Dictionaries--Russian language)

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\$/187/60/000/001/001/003 A189/A026

AUTHOR:

Kreytser.

TITLE:

Transmission of Two Independent Television Programs Through a Common Communication Channel

PERIODICAL: Tekhnika kino i televideniya, 1960, No. 1, pp. 22 - 29

TEXT: The paper deals with the application of the split-line method, called also "synchronous wobbulation method" for the simultaneous transmission of two independent TV programs through a common communication channel. The method consists in the use of an additional deflection of the scanning beam to obtain a perfect definition of the image with the number of scanning lines reduced to one-half of its original value. Thus, two independent TV programs can simultaneously be transmitted with the use of a quadruple (double interlaced) scanning. Either field or line signal sequential scanning can be applied. The application of this system to color, black-and-white, and compatible TV systems is discussed. In addition to standard units, the new system contains a wobbulation generator and a wobbulation deflecting system. The two-program black-and-white TV system was experimentally tested on a laboratory setup. The obtained test image No. 0249 (Sovict TV standard) is shown on Figure 14. The number of scanning lines was 315,

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Transmission of Two Independent Television Programs Through a Common Communication

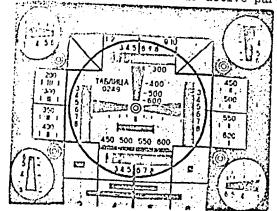
and the vertical definition was obtained with a 3.2 Mc synchronous webbulating frequency. The author thanks V.V. Abruzov and L.A. Novikov for their active participation in this contact thanks v.V.

ticipation in this work. The paper was read at the All-Union Scientific and Technical Conference, dedicated to the 100th anniversary of the birthday of A.S. Popov, held in Moscow on June 11, 1959. There are 13 figures, 1 photo, and 10 references: 5 Soviet, 3 English, and 2 French.

Figure 14:

Test image No. 0249 cf Soviet TV standard

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Puc. 14

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

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PREMOVERATA, E.F. (Loningrae); ILUIN, V.r. (Loningrae); LETTIONE, V.L. (Loningrae)

Electronic microvolt level signal consultator with energy accumulation. Avica. i telem. 26 no.2:380-383 F t.S. (MISA 18:4)

L 31501-66 ENT(1) ACC NR: AP6013032

SOURCE CODE; UR/0051/66/020/004/0730/0732

AUTHOR: Zakharchenya, B. P.; Kreytser, V. L.; Kanskaya, L. M.; Sibilev, A. I.; Peknyy, L. A.

ORG: none

62 P

TITLE: Use of an <u>electron optical converter</u> of light for the study of magneto-optical phenomena in crystals in strong pulsed magnetic fields

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 4, 1966, 730-732

TOPIC TAGS: electrooptic image intensifier, magnetooptic effect, Zeeman effect, absorption spectrum, light absorption, POLSED MAGNETIC FIELD

ABSTRACT: Earlier experiments by two of the authors (Zakharchenya and Sibilev, Opt. i spektr. v. 12, 616, 1962), in which strong pulsed magnetic fields were used to investigate the Zeeman effect on absorption lines in optical spectra of crystals, are repeated using an electron-optical converter and a time-sweep technique. In these experiments, the image of a narrow part of the spectrum, containing one line or a group of lines was produced in the focal plane of a spectrograph with diffraction grating (dispersion 4 Å/mm) and projected on an electron-optical converter with a cylindrical lens. The time sweep of the spectrum was produced by

Card 1/2

UDC: 539.184.28: 5480.

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L 31501-66

ACC NR: AP(013032

applying a paraphase sawtooth voltage on one pair of deflecting plates. The Zeeman splitting was observed on the oscilloscope screen and could be photographed from the latter. The tests demonstrated the feasibility of the method, although the spectra investigated so far and the use of a low-transmission spectrograph gave little information on the eventual resolution attainable by the method. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 formula.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 27May65/ ORIG REF: 011/ OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2 mc

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430

L 35880-66

ACC NR: AP6010768

SOURCE CODE: UR/0146/66/009/001/0003/0009

12

AUTHOR: Berkovskaya, K. F.; Kreytser, V. L.

4

ORG: Physico-Technical Institute, AN SSSR (Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut AN SSSR); North-Western Polytechnic Institute (Severo-zapadnyy politekhnicheskiy institut)

TITLE: Switching photodiode multi-element sensors \(\bigcircle{\cappa} \)

SOURCE: IVUZ: Priborostroyeniye, v. 9, no. 1, 1966, 3-9

TOPIC TAGS: photodiode, sensor, telemetry

ABSTRACT: Switches controlled by a selector-pulse generator have been used for successive interrogation of photosensors in telemetering systems. A suggestion is made to combine the functions of switches and photosensors in photodiodes and to replace the selector-pulse generator with a low-power sawtooth-voltage generator. At variance with some proposed systems that use multilayer photo-

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.383.8

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L 35880-66

ACC NR: AP6010768

diode sensors (I. V. Horton, Proc. IEEE, 1964, v. 52, no. 12), the new system uses single photodiodes from which multi-element sensors can easily be built. Each element comprises two diodes connected in opposition; one or both are photosensitive. Formulas for the resolution and output signal are developed. In this instantaneous-operation discrete-sensor system, the loss in sensitivity (as compared to tw methods) is partially compensated by the high quantum yield of photodiodes. The system is seen particularly suitable for automatic product size control. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 18 formulas.

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 03Jul65 / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

HARMAN STREET, BELLEVILLE BY TO SERVE STREET, BY TO SERVE STREET,

L 35007-65 ENT(1)/ENA(h) Peb GG

ACCESSION NR: AP5006290

5/0103/65/026/002/0380/0383

AUTHOR: Berkovskaya, K. F. (Leningrad): Il'in, V. A. (Leningrad):

Kreytser, V. L. (Leningrad)

TITLE: Electronic memory switch for microvolt signals

SOURCE: Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 26, no. 2, 1965, 380-383

TOPIC TAGS: electronic switch, storage device, transistorized switch

ABSTRACT: An electronic switch developed for microvolt-level signals is described. The telemeter circuit includes a number of sensors switched sequentially by selector pulses and one common amplifier. The selector pulses are controlled by an independent pulse generator. The two-transistor balanced circuit has two capacitors which operate as a memory between two successive signals and make possible the use of transistors with parameter spread. It is claimed that signals as low as 50 µv can operate the switch at a 2:1

Card 1/2

L 35007-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5006290	
signal-to-noise ratio. These advantages are listed: can be handled; h) by selecting a proper transformed fransfer ratio of the switch is attainable; c) a microdiscontages are: a) the capacitors limit the speed of current matching of translators is still required. Or ASSOCIATION: none	
SUBMITTED: 12Dec63	
REF SOV: 002	SUB CODE: EC
OTHER: 001	ATD PRESS: 3216
Card 2/2	

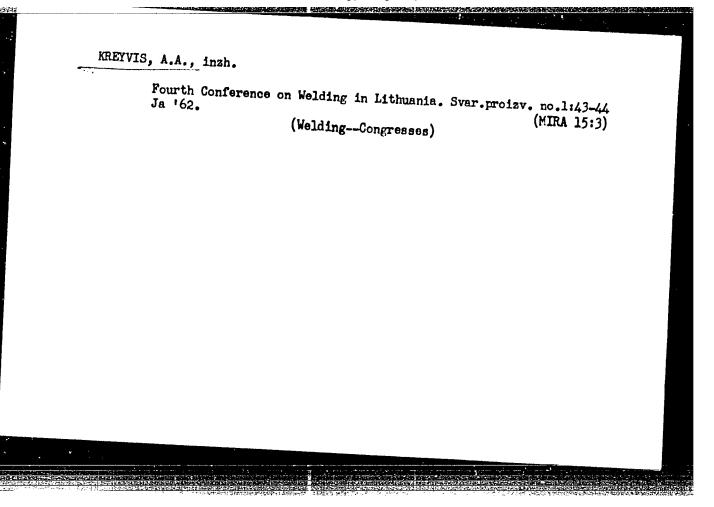
BRUTMAN, Ye.I.; NIKOLAYEVA, V.L.; KHEYTSEROVA, D.I.; SILAKOVA, Ye.Ya.

Clinical laboratory study of diseases which cause suspicion of Rickettsial infection. Zhur.mikrobiol.opid.i immun. no.1:44-45

Ja '54.

1. Iz Odesskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im.

Mechnikova, kliniki infektsionnykh bolezney Instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey i portovoy laboratorii. (Rickettsia)



KREYYER, A.N. (Leningrad, Bol'shaya Moskovskaya ul., d. 1/3, kv. 20)

Elongation of a short shoulder stump. Ortop., travm. i protez.

24 no.12:53-55 D'63.

(MIRA 17:7)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta protezirovaniya (direktor - dotsent M.V. Strukov).

USSR/Soil Science - Physical and Chemical Properties of Soil.

J.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur Biol., No 1, 1959, 1352

Author

: Shilova, Ye.I., Kreyyer, K.G.

Inst

: .

Title

: Carbon Dioxide in Soil Solution and Its Role in Soil

Formation

Orig Pub

: Pochvovedeniye, 1957, No 7, 65-72

Abstract

: Soil solutions were studied on podzolic soils (arable and virgin soil) at the "Ruch'i" Sovkhoz and at Siverek Experimental Forest in Leningradskaya Oblast'. Serrated lysimeters, which completely kept out atmospheric air, were used to extract the solutions. The concentration of CO₂ in the solution reached 200 - 300 mg/liter. Total active of the solution was determined almost always according to the CO₂ content. In the period of excessive soil dapness the carbon dioxide regime was an important element in soil formation, because it generated a

Card 1/2

USSR/Soil Science - Physical and Chemical Properties of Soil.

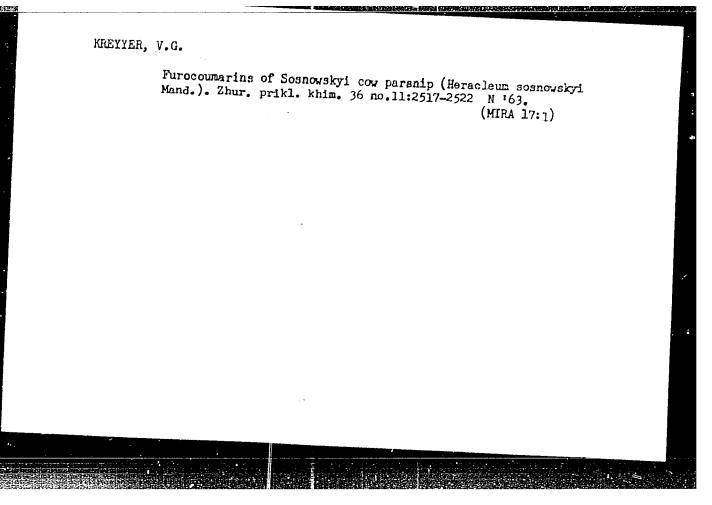
J

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 1, 1959, 1352

loss in the bases. The reaction of the soil solution always remained loss acid than the reaction of the soil. The author's work refers this phenomenon to the loss of CO₂ from the solution in the process of analysis. —T.A. Rode

Card 2/2

- 19 -



REMYRE, V.C. Plumbago europaes L. as a valuable medicinal plant. Bot.zhur. 44 no.10:1507-1510 0 '59. (MIRA 13:4) 1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR, Leningrad. (Leadwort) (Botany, Medical)

PROKHAZKA, Ya. [Procházka, J.], dotsent, doktor meditsiny; MYDLIL, F., doktor meditsiny; KREYZKK, M., doktor meditsiny; BRZEK, V., doktor meditsiny; KRATKIY, P. doktor meditsiny; MEZHNSKIY, L.

Resection of the lungs in tuberculosis. Vest.khir. 83 no.10:23-29 (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz khirurgicheskoy kliniki (Gradets Kralove) i tuberkuleznoy lechebnitsy (Zhamberg). Adres avtorov: dotsent Dr. J. Prochazka - chirurgicka klinika Hradec Kralove; MUDr. F. Mydlil - reditel tbc lecebny, Zamberk.

(PNEUMONECTOMY statistics)

MYDLIL, F.; F.(KHAZKA, Ya. [Prochazka, J.]; KREYZEK, M. [Kreizek, M.]; PAVLOY, B. (Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Respublika)

Results of treating tuberculous patients for the past 20 years (1940-1959). Probl.tub. no.1:60-62 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz tuberkuleznoy lechebnitsy v Zhanberge (dir. F. Mydlil) i khirurgicheskoy kliniki v Cradets Kralove (rukovoditel' - prof. Ya. Prokhazka). (TUBERCULOSIS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

KREYZEL', A.B.

Mechanized method of determining the volume weight of cut peat in stacks.
Torf.prom. 30 no.7:6-9 Jl '53. (MLRA 6:7)

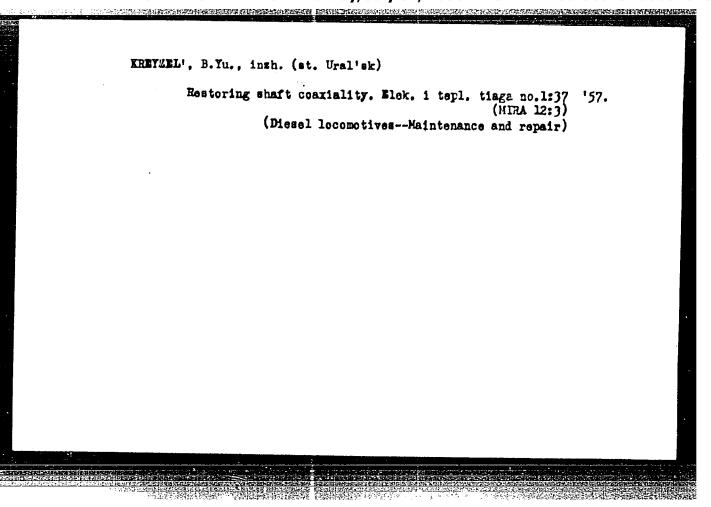
1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut torfyanoy promyshlennosti. (Peat)

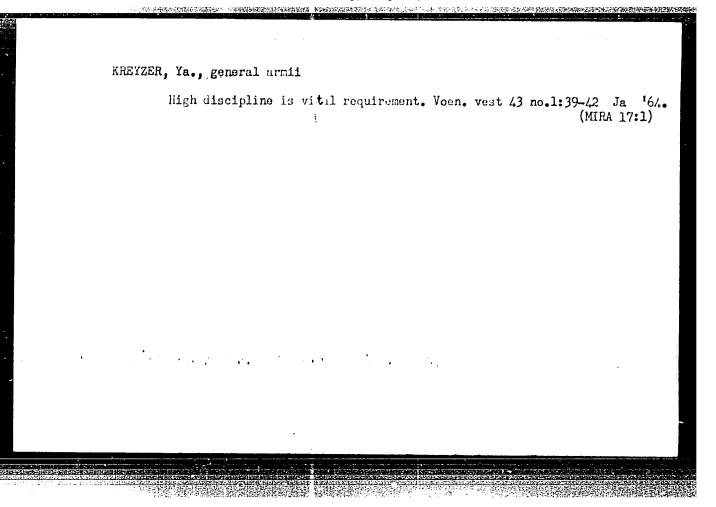
KREYZEL', Boris Yul'yevich

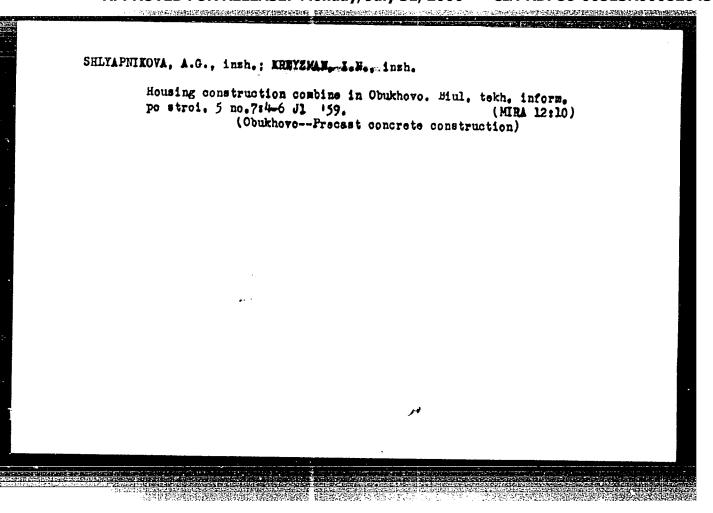
Epp. . R92763

Pod" yemochnyy remont teplovoza TE2 za shest' sutok (underground repair of locomotive TE2 in six days, by) B. Yu Kreyzel i A. P. ZARUBIN. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1956.

18 p. illus., tables.







Actual testing of reinforced concrete hipped P-Ol slabs for apartment houses of the 1-507-E series. Biul.tekh.inform.po stroi. 5 no.8:23-24 Ag '59. (MIRA 12:11) (Concrete slabs--Testing)

RAYNUS, L.S., ingh.; SHLYAPNIKOVA, A.G., ingh.; KREYZHAN, I.N., ingh.; ROBINSON, D.V., ingh.

Folding -type stairs. Suggested by L.S. Rainus and others. Rats.
i izobr.v stroi. no.9:8 159. (MIRA 1):1)

1. Po materialam stroitel nogo treuta No.3 Glavlening radatroys. (Staircases)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

Contribution to the morphology of T wave.Bratisl. lek. listy 35 no.3;129-137 15 Feb 55.

1. Z ustavu pro vseobecnou a eksperimentalnu potologiu LFUE v Bratislave; predn. prof. dr. G.Bardos.

(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY T wave morphol.)

STATE OF THE STATE

BARDOS, G.; KOMADEL, L.; KREZE, A.

Physiological enlargement of the heart. I. Reserve power of the heart according to Soviet physiology. Bratisl. lek. listy 35 no. 7:395-408 1955.

1. Z Ustavu pre vseobecnu a experimentalnu patologiu LFUK, predn. prof. MUDr. G. Bardos, a z Ustavu pre telovychovne lekarstvo LFUK, predn. doc. MUDr. P. Handzo.

(CARDIAC ENLARGEMENT, physiology, reserve power of heart.)

BARDOS, G.; KOMADEL, L.; KREZE, A.

Physiological enlargement of the heart. II. Dilatation and hypertrophy, causes of physiological enlargement of the heart. Bratisl. lek. listy 35 no.8:459-473 1955.

1. Z Ustavu pre vesobecnu a experimentalnu patologiu LFUK, prednosta, prof. MUDr. G. Bardos a z Ustavu pre telovychovne lekarstvo LFUK, prednosta doc. MUDr. P. Handzo.

(CARDIAC ENLARGEMENT, physiology, causes of physiol. enlargement.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430

SURTIAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:
Special Medical Institute of Endocrinology (Odborny liceobny Affiliation: ustav endokrinologicesky), Lubochny; Director (Riaditel):
MUDR E Spanar
Source: Bratislava, Lekarsky Obzor, Vol X, No 7, 1961, pp 385-391

Data: "Objective Investigations of Functional Capacity in Obesity."

Authors:
SPANAR, E, MUDR
KREZE, A, Academic degrees not given

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430(

KREZE, A.

CUUR

Special Endocrinological Medical Institute (Odborny Liecebry ustav endokrinologicky) L'ubochna; director: head physician E. Spanar, ED, C.Sc

Bratislava, Bratislavske Lekarske Listy, No 6, 1963, pp 321-329

"The Functional State of the Vegetative Nervous System During the Menstrual Cycle, Followed by Means of the Ortho-Clino-Static ECG"

(1)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SPANAR, E., MD, ADAMEC, O., and KREZE, A., Endocrinological Hospital (Odborny liecebny ustav endokrinologicky), Lubochna, E. SPANAR, MD, director.

"Adrenal Function in the Rathogenesis of Bronchial Asthma"

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol CII, No 35, 30 August 63, pp 955-962.

Abstract [Authors' English summary]: Chemical mediators, particularly histamine eliminated from the shock tissue in an A-A reaction, cause a drop in the elimination of ACTH, besides bronchospasm, edema, and increased secretion of bronchial mucosa. As a consequence, there is a drop in the elimination of glucocorticoids. This blockade of the hypophysis-adrenal axis results in a decreased production of glucocorticoids which are then unable to counteract the phlogistic effect of histamine and other mediators on bronchi; the increase utilization of corticoids supports the process. Thirty-four references.

1/1

6

SPANAR, E.; ADAMEC, O.; KREZE, A. Role of adrenal gland activity in the pathogenesis of bronchial asthma. Cas. lek. cesk. 102 no.35:955-962 30 Ag 163. 1. Odborny liecebny ustav endokrinologicky v Lubochni, riaditel MUDr. E. Spanar. (ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES) (ASTHMA) (PITUITARY GLAND) (CORTICOTROPIN) (HISTAMINE LIBERATION) (ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY REACTIONS)

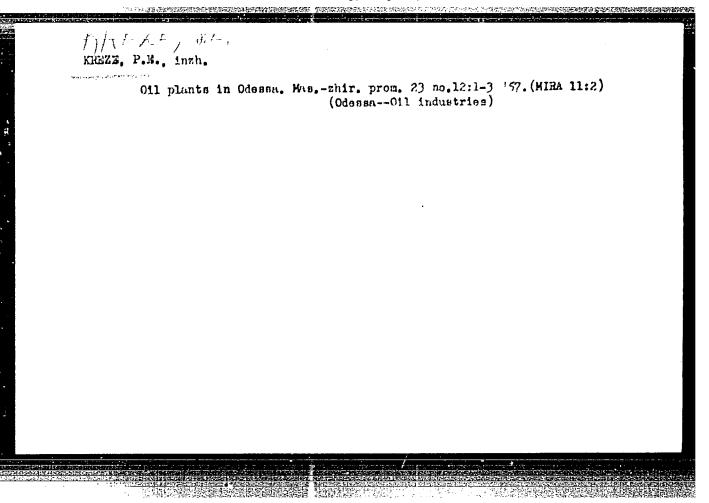
KREZE, A., prim. MUDr.

The problem of treatment of obesity. Bratisl. lek. listy 45 no.10:610-620 31 My 65.

1. Odborny liecelny ustav endokrinologicky v Lubochni (riaditel: prim. MUDr. A. Kreze).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430



Personal modification of conservative management of spiral fractures of leg. Chir. narz. ruchu 22 no.1:39-48 1957.

1. Z Lecznicy Urazowej Wojewodzkiej Stacji Pogotowia Ratunkowego w Krakowie Ordynator: dr T. Krezel.

(LEO, fract.

spiral. conservative management, new technic (Pol))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

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EREZEL, Tadeusz (Erakow, ul. 18. Stycznia 8.)

Isolated vertical sacral fractures. Chir. narz. ruchu 24 no.1:77-81 1959.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgii Urazowej Pogotowia Ratunkowego w Krakowie. Ordynator: dr T. Krezel.
(SAGEUM, fract.

(SAGEUM, Fract.

Isolated vertical fract. (Pol))
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CANAL SERVICE SERVICE

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Treatment of fractures of the astragalus complicated by dislocation of the anklo. Polski przegl. chir. 31 no.1:51-60 Jan 59.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgii Urezowej Pogotowia Ratunkowego m. Krakowa Ordynator: dr T. Krezel.

(ASTRAGAUS, fracture,

with a kle disloc. (Pol))

(ANKIE, disloc.

with astragalus fract. (Pol))
```

Internal-combustion engines in modern railroad traction. p. 30h.

FRENCLAD EOU JOAY. (Wydawnictwa Komunikacyjne) Warsaawa, Poland Vol. 11, No. 8, Aug. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (REAT) IC, Vol. 9, No. 2, Feb. 1959.

Uncla.

В

POLAND/Physical Chemistry. Kinetics. Combustion. Explosions. Topochemistry. Catalysis.

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. - Khimiya, No. 4, 1959, 11110

Authors: Krause A., Gleinert H., Gorgolewski L.,

Krezewinski Z.

: Not given Inst

Title : Amphoteric Mixed Hydroxides as Models of Percxi-

dases of an Inorganic Nature.

Orig Pub: Roczn. chem., 1958, 32, No. 1, 139-142

Abstract:

The mixed hydroxides, into the composition of which, together with the ions of Fe²⁺, there enter the ions of Cu²⁺ and Co²⁺, Cu²⁺ and Ca²⁺ or Cu²⁺, Mn²⁺ and Ni²⁺, reveal an important catalytic activity (CA) at the oxidation of HCOOH by hydrogen peroxide at 37°. The CA of mixed hydroxides is greater than the CA of the separate components.

entering into its composition.

Card 1/2

POLAND/Physical Chemistry. Kinetics. Combustion. Explosions. Topochemistry. Catalysis.

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. - Khimiya, No. 4, 1959, 11110

Abstract: The greatest CA for each of studied systems possess mixed ionic hydroxides in the proportion of the

ions: Fe: Cu: Co = 1:0.5:1, Fe:Cu:Ca= 1:1:2 and Fe:Cu:Mn:Ni = 1:1:0.580.5.--II. Sakharov

Card 2/2

VOTEVODA, D.K., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KHUDYAKOV, A.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KIPUS, L.A., inshener; KREZOV, V.S., inzhener.

Unit for the automatic measuring of logs. Mekh.trud.rab. 11 no.1:25-27 Ja '57. (HLRA 10:5)

(Lumber--Mensuration)

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

PUGACHEV, A.G.; KREZOVSKAYA, N.O.

Intestinal obstruction in newborn infants and mursing children caused by incomplete volvulus. Vop. okh. mat. 1 det. 6 no.12:17-23 D '61. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Iz kafedry detskoy khirurgii II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova (ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti zavedujushchego A.Ye. Zvyagintsev) i rentgenologicheskogo otdeleniya bol¹nitsy imeni N.F. Filatova (glavnyy vrach L.A. Vorokhobov).

(INTESTINES -- OBSTRUCTIONS) (INFANTS -- DISEASES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

KRGMAR Z. Frantiskovy Lazne Franzensbad Prakticky Lekar, Prague (Czecho-slovakia 1947, 27/12 (264-265)

Franzensbad contains springs rich in minerals, one spring producing 1,200 litres per minute of mineral water containing sodium sulphate and carbonic acid, and a mud-spring of 30,000,000 m³ capacity also containing sodium sulphate and other minerals, and oestrone. This mud has peculiar absorptive properties, which benefit chronic exudative conditions. Franzensbad also possesses natural carbonic baths, which issue directly from the ground and soothe hypertension and disturbances of the climacteric. This is the worlds richest source of sodium sulphate, which forms 77 per cent of its mineral content; the other source contains iron and lecithin. Carbonic baths are indicated in cardiovascular and nervous disorders, and mud for chronic female complaints (sterility), exudative processes and rheumatism. These mineral waters aid chronic gastro-enteritis, constipation and biliary affections. Many maladies occasioned by the war, such as neurosis and hyperthyroidism, are benefited by the carbonic baths and the lovely surroundings and tranquility.

Wolf-Prague

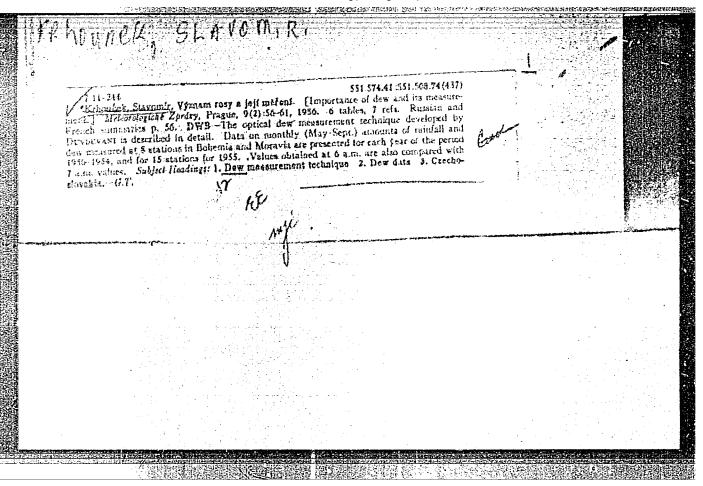
SO: Medical Microbiology and Hygiene, Section IV, Vol. I, No. 1-6

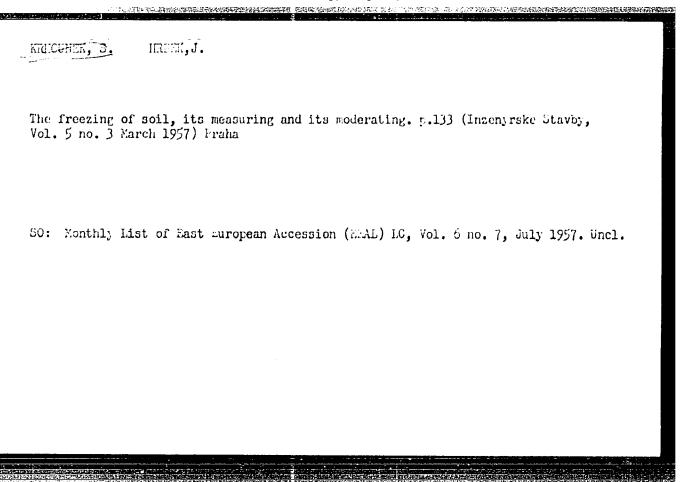
KRHOSKA, J.

"The approaching summer season."

KRASY SLOVENSKA. (Poverenictvo dopravy. Riaditelstvo pre cestovny ruch) Bratislave, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 36, No. 5, May 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol 8, No. 8, August 1959.

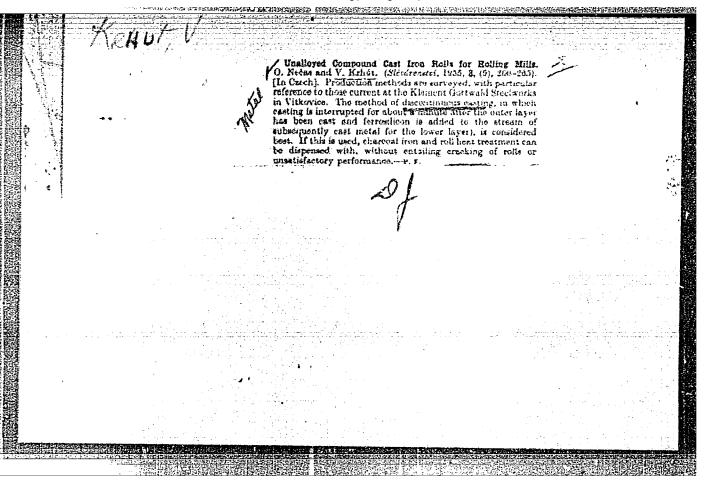




Freezing of the soil in the winter of 1955-1956. p.16. (Neteorologicke Zpravy, Vol. 10, No. 1, Feb. 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300



Characteristics of the protective reactivity in animals with various types of nervous cystem. [with summary in English]. Zhur.vys.nerv. deiat. 8 no.5:774-780 S-0 '58 (MIRA 12:1)

1. Laboratoriya patofiziologii i eksperimental'noy terapii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti zhivotnykh Instituta vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti AN SSSR i Kafedra mikrobiologii I Monkovskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. I.M. Sechenova.

(IMMUNITY,

eff. of type of NS of immunol. reactions in animals (Rus))

(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, physicl.

types, eff. on immuno. reactions in animals (Rus))

- 1. KRIACHKOV, N. N.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Starch
- 7. Kinetics of the acid hydrolysis of starch, Trudy Len. inst. pishch. prom., 1, 1949.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April, 1953, Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

KRIAKOV, Stoian D., st. methodik

Respiration of plants. Biol i khim 7 no. 2: 40-47
164.

1. Institute of School Aids, Ministry of Public Education.

MINKEVICIUS, A., glav. red.; KRIAUCIUNAS, J., red.; MASTAUSKIS, St., red.; SLAUTA, V., red.; STRUKCINSKAS, M., red.; ZAJANCKAUSKAS, P., red.; ZIEVYTE, Z., red.; SADAUSKAITE, A., red.; SARKA, S., tekhn. red.

[Practices in controlling plant diseases, pests, and weeds]Praktiskos kovos priemones pries augalu ligas, kenkejus ir piktzoles; straipsniu rinkinys. Vilnius, Valstybine politines ir mokslines literaturos leidykla, 1962. 165 p. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Lietuvos TSR Mokslu Akademija, Vilna. Botanikos institutas. (Lithuania--Plant, Protection of)

SCIENCE

PERICDICAL: DARBAI. SERIJA B. TRUDY. SERIIA B. No. 2, 1958

Kriauciunas, J. Concerning the desulfuration of pyrite cinders. p. 101.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (ETAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

SCIENCE

PERIODICAL: DARBAI. SERIJA B. TRUDY. SERIJA B. No. 2, 1958

Kriauciunas, J. Iron oxide pigments made of pyrite cinders. p. 111.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

SCIFNCE

PERIODICAL: DARBAI. SERIJA B. TRUDY. SERIIA P. No. 2, 1958

Kriauciumas, J. Facing ceramics made of local clay. p. 139

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826430(

SCIENCE

PERIODICAL: DARPAI. SERIJA B. 1RUDY. SERIIA B. No. 3, 1958

Kriauciunas, J. The question of pyrogenic processing of peat. p. 159.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0008264300

